Local Development Framework



Annual Monitoring Report December 2009



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Introduction

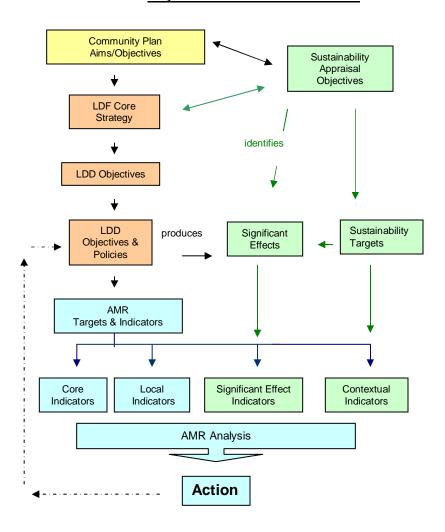
This is the third Local Development Framework Annual Monitoring Report. It covers the period 1st April 2008 to 31st March 2009.

The report provides information about the District, what's happening now and what could happen in the future. Over time this information, will be used to track progress against policies and targets, which will be set out in the policy documents that will make up the Local Development Framework (LDF).

The LDF is prepared under the new Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004 and will comprise a group of policy documents which will replace the current Local Plan. The LDF encompasses a wide range of objectives including social, environmental and economic issues; its policies establish the relationship between these objectives and the use of land. The LDF will both inform and take account of national and regional policy and other Council Strategies.

As part of the preparation of the LDF an Annual Monitoring Report (AMR) must be prepared each year to assess progress towards sustainability objectives and policies and to assess progress against the milestones in the Local Development Scheme.

Figure 1: <u>Diagram showing the links between the Community Plan, the Sustainability Appraisal, and how</u> they feed into the LDF and the AMR



The District – Key Characteristics

Sevenoaks District is located in West Kent, with the edge of Greater London to the north, Surrey to the west and East Sussex to the south. The District covers almost 142 square miles; 93% is designated Green Belt. The main towns are Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge, where a significant proportion of the 109,305 residents (Census 2001) in the District live. There are over 30 villages and smaller settlements of which the largest is New Ash Green.

Much of the area is rural in character with 60% of the landscape within the Kent Downs and High Weald Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty.

The District is a popular place to live, partly because of its proximity to London and the continent. Major transport links are provided by the M25, M26 and the M20 motorway, the A21, A20 and A25. Stations throughout the District provide rail access to London in under an hour. The District is also well located for Gatwick and Heathrow airports as well as the Channel Ports and Ashford and Ebbsfleet International stations and has one of the highest rates of day visitors in the country.

The District has a high proportion of detached dwellings and 76% of the district housing is owner occupied. An overall impression of affluence masks some pockets of urban and rural deprivation with some areas within the top 1/3 most deprived in the country. Inequalities within the District are highlighted by a lack of

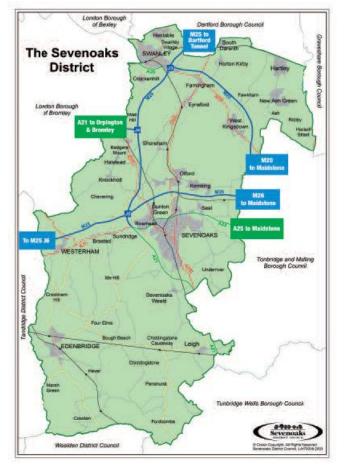


Figure 2: Sevenoaks District

affordable housing and by the fact that the average house price is 35% greater than the South East average. The District has one of the most sparse populations in the County and this is a challenge for local agencies and other service providers.

Key Issues and Challenges within the district:

- Land Supply for Development
- Housing
- Affordable Housing
- Employment Opportunities
- Protection and Enhancement of the natural and built environment
- Conflicting needs
- Sustainable Development
- Inequalities
- The Community Plan

These issues are discussed in more detail in the draft LDF Core Strategy which sets out the spatial vision for the District up until 2026.

Methodology and Preparation

Sevenoaks is currently preparing the submission draft of the Council's Core Strategy and the evidence base to support the development of policy. This fifth report, for the period 1st April 2008 to 31st March 2009, looks at any discernable trends over the last 5 years and continues to establish robust baseline information.

In accordance with protocol issued by the Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG), the Council prepared a schedule of Saved Local Plan Policies which was approved in September 2007. These will remain in force until replaced by policies within the LDF.

The Council's Core Strategy is due to be submitted to the Secretary of State in Spring 2010, therefore this report focuses on the core output and local indicators and how they relate to the proposed Core Strategy Policies.

The Targets and Indicators have been set using national and regional guidelines, the draft Core Strategy objectives, Community Plan objectives and past trends. They have been carefully selected to provide information on the key issues in the District and from which clear conclusions can be drawn. Proposed LDF targets have been included where sufficient information is available at time of publication.

In order to make the best use of existing resources, where ever appropriate, the indicators identified useful information that is already collected through existing monitoring programs. For example Land Supply Monitoring, Community Plan Monitoring, Council Tax, Best Value and Local Performance Indicators.

As far as possible the updated Core Indicators have been reported. Where this has not been feasible within the deadline for submission amendments will be made to our data bases/monitoring systems to retrieve this information and to enable it to be collected consistently in the future.

THE LOCAL DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

Review and Amendment

The Council's current LDS is out of date. It was produced in 2008 and envisaged that the Core Strategy would be submitted in December 2009. Unfortunately it has not been possible to maintain this timetable due to the need for additional studies following the Preferred Options consultation and the timetable has been put back four months so that publication is in January 2010 rather than September 2009 and submission is now anticipated in April 2010. The Allocations DPD timetable is dependent on that for the Core Strategy and has been amended to take account of the amended Core Strategy timetable. The Residential Extensions SPD was adopted in May 2009 in accordance with the LDS.

The LDS is being revised to take account of the timetable changes described above.

Monitoring and Performance

The monitoring report is divided into the 8 subject areas that are contained in the draft Core Strategy:

- Delivery of Housing,
- Distribution of Development,
- Design of new developments,
- Affordable housing,
- Housing size type and density,
- Employment land,
- Infrastructure and Open Space (including biodiversity).

The Core Indicators are monitored under the relevant section. Each indicator is linked to the relevant Local Plan Saved Policies and the appropriate proposed LDF policies and objectives, taken from the draft Core Strategy. The proposed LDF targets have been included where possible for information only and the indicators are not measured against these as the LDF policies have not yet been adopted.

The AMR is intended to evolve over time, once the Core Strategy is adopted the report will be used to monitor it's policies. Also, targets and/or indicators may need to be changed to reflect government guidance and changes in local circumstances.

Delivery of Housing

| Housing Supply and Targets (Core Indicators H1- H2) To show plan period and housing requirement, recent housing delivery levels and future levels of housing delivery. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policy | H1 Housing Allocations | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | LO1- Distribution of Development | | |
| LDF Objective | To safeguard the countryside around the District's main towns and villages and promotes change within them by making the best use of previously developed land. To focus the majority of new housing, employment and retail development in the towns of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge with smaller scale development in the larger villages which have a more limited range of local facilities. | | |
| Current Target | To meet the housing requirement of the South East Plan of 3300 dwellings over the plan period 2006-2026. | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | To maintain an average of 165 per year over the plan period, 2006-2026, in order to meet the South East Plan housing requirement of 3300. | | |
| Performance summary | 290 net additional dwellings were completed in 2008-2009, 125 units above the South East Plan annual average requirement of 165 dwellings. There have been 692 units completed since 2006, 197 over the requirement. | | |

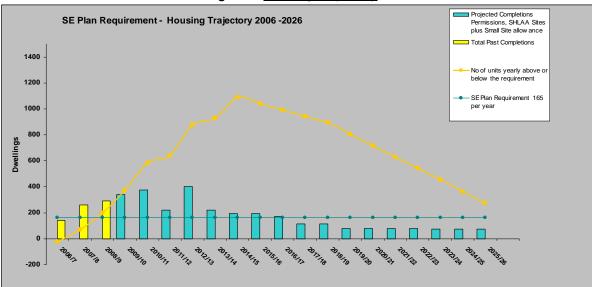
Performance Analysis

The SE Plan covers the period 2006-2026, it allocates the District a housing requirement of 3300 which equates to 165 units per annum. In 2008-09, 290 net units were completed which is 125 units over the requirement. There have been 692 units completed since 2006, which is 197 greater than the requirement of 495 units.

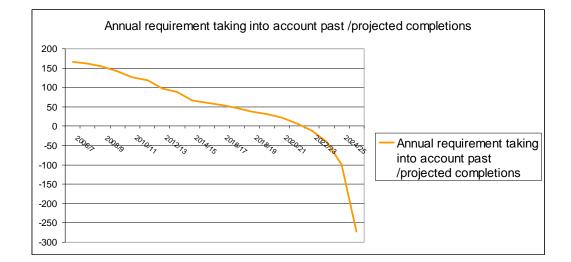
Sevenoaks has updated its SHLAA and it is apparent from that work that there are mixed messages coming from the local market in terms of house prices and activity in the residential sector. This has been based on Land Registry data and discussions with local estate agents and developers. The general consensus, however is that the market has shown signs of stabilising since March 2009. A lack of supply, coupled with a lower interest rate climate and a feeling that better value can be had, are thought to have contributed to the supporting of prices in recent months.

Completions and the level of extant permissions outstanding have not fallen in 08-09 and remain above the yearly requirement from the SE Plan. Therefore for the purposes of the Sevenoaks District Housing Trajectory and the 5 year land supply, a more pragmatic approach has been taken. Whilst the current economic downturn has had a noticeable impact on the local housing market and conditions affecting it, we have assumed that over the plan period (2006 - 2026), there will be a return to a "functioning" housing market, and the current conditions will not be reflective of the longer term activity and performance of the residential sector. (Principal Source of Information: RICS Housing Market Forecast August 2009 and SHLAA) **The Housing Trajectory** shows progress towards meeting the SE Plan requirement. It includes completions to 2009 (692 units), and the extant permissions and SHLAA sites for the first 15 years. The extant permissions and SHLAA sites are phased, according to when it is thought that they will be completed, and after the first 10 years an allowance of 75 units is added in for small windfall sites.

These figures give the projected level of completions against the yearly requirement. These cumulative figures give the District's progress towards meeting the housing requirement and it's ability in the future to meet it by the end of the plan period. The Trajectory shows that we will be able to meet the SE Plan requirement and if our assumptions are correct we will reach the requirement in 2022.

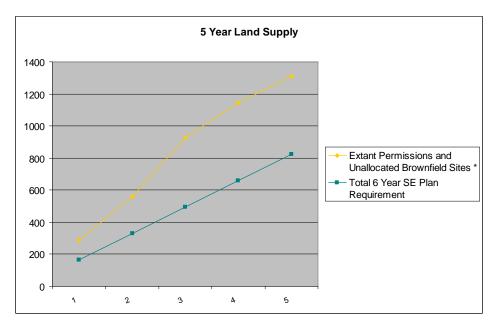






5 Year Land Supply

PPS3 states that authorities should be able to demonstrate a 5 year rolling supply of deliverable land for housing, the 5 year supply begins from the year following the current (in this case 2010). For Sevenoaks this means demonstrating that 825 units net can be achieved. The supply is made up from extant permissions (661) and SHLAA sites (649) which are deliverable in the next 5 years. The 5 year supply is 1310 net, this is 425 above the requirement, therefore the District has a 5 year supply of housing land in accordance with PPS3.





A "5 year land supply statement" giving details of the sites that make up the supply is set out in Appendix 1.

Distribution of Development

| New and Converted Dwellings on Previously Developed Land (Core Indicator H3) To show the number of gross new dwellings built on previously developed land (PDL) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | GB1 – 3 Green Belt Restraint | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | LO1-LO8 Location of Development Policies | | | |
| LDF Objective | To safeguard the countryside around the District's main towns and villages and promotes change within them by making the best use of previously developed land. To focus the majority of new housing, employment and retail development in the towns of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge with smaller scale development in the larger villages which have a more limited range of local facilities. | | | |
| Current Target | At least 85% of residential development to take place on PDL. | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | | | |
| Performance summary | 99% of housing completions were on previously developed land (PDL) in 2008-2009. | | | |

Performance Analysis

The established trend for over 85% of housing completions on PDL has continued. The vast majority of development which is completed on greenfield land comes from the conversion of rural buildings.

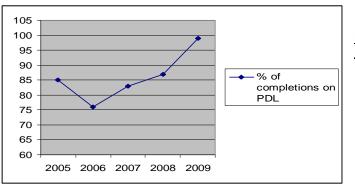


Figure 5: <u>Housing Completions on Previously</u> <u>Developed Land (H3)</u>

The percentage of development on PDL has continued to increase since 2006 when the dip was the result of the completion of a Local Plan allocation which was a Greenfield site.

The draft Core Strategy proposes new development to take place within existing urban areas and encourages the reuse of brownfield sites, therefore the high percentage of development completed on previously developed land is expected to continue.

Proportion of New Housing in Main Settlements of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge To show the gross number of new dwellings built in the main settlements as opposed to the villages and Green Belt

| areas. | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | Not Applicable |
| Relevant LDF Policy | LO1-LO6 Location of Development Policies |
| LDF Objective | To safeguard the countryside around the District's main towns and villages and promotes change within them by making the best use of previously developed land. To focus the majority of new housing, employment and retail development in the towns of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge with smaller scale |
| | development in the larger villages which have a more limited range of local facilities. |
| Current Target | None |
| Proposed LDF Targets | $\frac{1}{2}$ of total housing to be within Sevenoaks Urban Area and Swanley $\frac{2}{3}$ of total housing to be within Sevenoaks Urban Area, Swanley and Edenbridge |
| Performance summary | 20% of new housing was built within Sevenoaks and Swanley40% of new housing was built within the main settlements of Sevenoaks,Swanley and Edenbridge. |

Performance Analysis

The draft Core Strategy policies direct development to existing settlements, particularly in the main settlements of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge, to reflect their position in the Settlement Hierarchy. The proposed target is for $\frac{2}{3}$ (66%) of the total new housing to 2026 to be built within the Sevenoaks Urban Area (as defined in the draft Core Strategy), in Swanley and in Edenbridge. A further target is proposed for $\frac{1}{2}$ (50%) of the total housing built in the period up to 2026 to be located in Sevenoaks Urban Area and Swanley.

Housing Completions in 2008-09 have not been measured against the proposed LDF targets as the Core Strategy is not yet adopted and is not yet used to determine planning applications. In the past four years (since the start of the SE Plan period), 53% of total completions have been within Sevenoaks Urban Area, Swanley and Edenbridge, with 23% within Sevenoaks Urban Area and Swanley. Implementation of the Core Strategy will achieve a greater focus of new development on the District's main towns

Figure 6: Housing Completions in the Main Settlements

| Completions* source SHLAA | Sevenoaks Urban Area | Swanley | Edenbridge | Rest of District | Total |
|--|-------------------------|------------|------------|---------------------|-------|
| 06-07 | 32 | 0 | 46 | 63 | 141 |
| 07-08 | 34 | 34 | 103 | 90 | 261 |
| 08-09 | 53 | 4 | 58 | 175 | 290 |
| 08-09 % | 18% | 2% | 20% | 60% | |
| Totals | 119 | 38 | 207 | 328 | 692 |
| Summary of broad provision to 2026 # | 1331 38% | 660 19% | 411 11% | 1129 32% | 3531 |

draft Core Strategy

The Strategic Housing Land Availability Assessment gives a summary of the broad locations of the housing supply to 2026 (see figure 6). Of the 3531 units identified it shows that 68% of completions are within the main settlements and 57% within Sevenoaks Urban Area and Swanley. If these sites are developed the proposed LDF targets will be achieved.

Monitoring of completions once the Core Strategy and Allocation DPD are in place will assess the success of meeting the targets and hence the LDF objectives.

Total Amount of Floor space for "Town Centre Uses" (Core Indicator BD4) To show the amount of completed floor space (gross and net) for town centre uses within (i) town centre areas and (ii) the local authority area

| Saved Local Plan Policies | S1 Town centre retailing S3 Local shops and centres ST1A Sevenoaks Town Centre ST2 Sevenoaks Town Centre Use Classes SW1 Swanley Town Centre EB1 Edenbridge Town Centre EB2 Edenbridge Town Centre Use Classes |
|---------------------------|---|
| Relevant LDF Policy | LO3- 5 - 6 Location of Development Policies Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge |
| LDF Objective | To provide land for employment development to support the future development of the District's economy. To focus the majority of new housing, employment and retail development in the towns of Sevenoaks, Swanley and Edenbridge with smaller scale development in the larger villages which have a more limited range of local facilities. |
| Current Target | Maintain the level of local retail and service facilities. |
| Proposed LDF Target | None |
| Performance summary | There was a net change of 436m ² in the total amount of floor space for "town centre uses". |

Performance Analysis

The South East Plan identified Sevenoaks as a Secondary Regional Centre.

Town centre uses are identified as Retail, Office and Leisure. There has been a small overall net increase in floor space of $436m^2$ during 08-09 compared to a loss $208m^2$ in 07/08, and $1708m^2$ in 06/07.

|--|

| | A1 | A2 | B1a | D2 | Total |
|-------|-------|----|------|----|-------|
| Gross | 45 | 65 | 1947 | 0 | 2057 |
| Net | -1112 | 65 | 1483 | 0 | 436 |

There was an overall loss net of $1112m^2$ in the A1 use class across the district and a significant gain of $1483m^2$ in the B1a use class. There was also an overall loss of $295m^2$ employment floor space within town centres, with a continuing trend of an increase in A2 but a decrease in A1 and B1a uses.

The majority of the overall loss has taken place outside the town centres with a loss of 1261m². 72% of this overall loss was from one site which changed use from retail to office (loss of A1). As the site was not in the town centre the loss does not have a significant impact on the town centre itself.

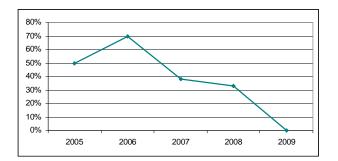
In the future to assess the success of the Core Strategy policies, vacancy rates and the changes between use classes in all the town and local centres will need to be monitored in more detail. The mechanism for this monitoring will be put in place for the next AMR.

| Number of Planning Permissions Granted Contrary to Environment Agency Advice on Flooding and Water Quality Grounds (Core Indicator E1) To show numbers of developments which are potentially located where (i) they would be at risk of flooding or increase the risk of flooding elsewhere and, (iii) adversely affect water quality | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | EN1 Development Control: General design/amenity principles | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | LO1 Distribution of Development SP2 Sustainable Development, Climate Change and Air Quality | | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that new development takes into account of the need to mitigate and adapt to climate change. | | | |
| Current Target | Maintain flood defence and water quality. No housing development to be permitted in areas liable to flood where contrary to Environment Agency recommendations. | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | No housing development to be permitted in areas liable to flood where contrary to Environment Agency recommendations. | | | |
| Performance summary | No applications were granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency on either flooding or water quality grounds. | | | |

Performance Analysis

There were no applications received which had implications for water quality during the period Apr 08 – Mar 09. None of the three planning applications which were received during the reporting year, on which the Environment Agency were consulted, were granted contrary to their advice on flooding grounds. This is a significant reduction on previous years and achieves the current and proposed targets.

Figure 8: Planning Permissions Granted Contrary to Environment Agency Advice



Of the three applications consulted, one was withdrawn and the others were refused. Of the refusals one specifically included flooding issues as a reason for refusal.

Design of new developments

| Housing Quality – Building for Life Assessments (Core Indicator H6) To show the level of quality in new housing development | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | EN1 Development Control – General design/amenity principles | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP1 The Design of Development | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that new development is designed to a high quality and where possible makes a positive contribution to the distinctive character of the area in which it is situated. To ensure that the District's historic heritage is protected. | | |
| Current Target | None | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | Proportion of new housing development scoring good or very good against Building for Life criteria (to be set for the 2010 Annual monitoring Report) | | |
| Performance summary | 60% of development sites surveyed scored as good or above. 100% of development sites surveyed scored as average or above. | | |

Performance Analysis

Each new build housing scheme of 10 or more units was assessed and awarded a score out of 20, based on the proportion of CABE building for Life questions that were answered positively. Further details on the Building for Life Assessments can be found at <u>www.buildingsforlife.org</u>

| Address | Units (gross) | Score | Rating |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------|---------|
| Former Tekram Site, Edenbridge | 24 | 13 | Average |
| The Mill Works, Brasted | 12 | 13 | Average |
| 24, 25,26 Lennard Rd, Dunton Green | 22 | 14 | Good |
| Vulcan Plastics, Westerham | 10 | 15 | Good |
| Land at Albion Way, Edenbridge | 97 | 15 | Good |

Figure 9: Building for Life Assessments for Completed Developments 10 Units and Over

Due to the predominance of small development sites in the District it should be noted that only 5 out of 112 sites completed met the Building for Life assessment criteria which also excludes conversions. Therefore, each site rating significantly affects the percentage of sites achieving a certain level. It is expected that, through the period to 2026, there will continue to be a small number of eligible sites, this will be taken into consideration when setting the LDF target.

All the 5 new build housing sites scored "average" or above with 60% scoring as "good". Schemes which score between 10 and 13 are classed as average and therefore the two developments which achieved an "average" rating were close to being rated as "good". When the number of units on each site was taken into account, 80% of the 165 new dwellings completed on the assessed sites scored a "good" rating. It is expected that the Building for Life criteria will be used in the future as part of the planning application process and the application of Core Strategy policies on issues such as the location of development, incorporation of sustainable development principles and integration of affordable housing should ensure a

high percentage of sites rated "good" or above in the future. The Council has also adopted the Kent Design Guide as an SPD in July 2007 which promotes good quality and sustainable design.

| Conservation Areas To show any changes in the area of built heritage under protection. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | blicies EN1 Development Control – General design/amenity principles EN23 Conservation Areas | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP1 The Design on Development | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that new development is designed to a high quality and where possible makes a positive contribution to the distinctive character of the area in which it is situated. To ensure that the District's historic heritage is protected. | | |
| Current Target | Retain the quantity and quality of designated Built Environment Assets 100% adoption of 40 Conservation Area Management Plans by 2010. | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | No reduction in the extent of Conservation Areas due to insensitive development. | | |
| Performance summaryThere has been no change to the Conservation Area extents. No Conservation Area boundary reviews were adopted. 5 Conservation Management Plans have been completed. | | | |

Performance Analysis

There have been no changes to the Conservation Area extents across the District and no boundary reviews were adopted. A further 5 Conservation Management Plans were completed in the reporting year.

| Listed Buildings, Historic Parks and Gardens, Scheduled Ancient Monuments and Site of Archaeological Interest To show any losses or additions to the number of buildings/areas under protection. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | EN1 Development Control – General design/amenity principles EN25 Ancient Monuments and Site of Archaeological Interest EN26 Historic Parks and Gardens | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP1 The Design of Development | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that new development is designed to a high quality and where possible makes a positive contribution to the distinctive character of the area in which it is situated. To ensure that the District's historic heritage is protected. | | |
| Current Target | Retain the quantity and quality of designated Built Environmental Assets | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | No loss of listed buildings, historic parks and gardens, scheduled ancient monuments or sites of archaeological interest. | | |
| Performance summary | There has been no change in the number of listed buildings and historic parks and gardens. | | |

Performance Analysis

There has been no change in the number of listed buildings, historic parks and gardens, scheduled ancient monuments and sites of archaeological interest during the reporting year.

Sustainable Development

| Renewable Energy Generation Assessments (Core Indicator E3) To show the amount of renewable energy generation by installed capacity and type | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | None | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP2 Sustainable Development, Climate Change and Air Quality | | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that new development takes account of the need to mitigate and adapt to climate change including principles of sustainable development, including locating development to minimise energy use, promoting travel patterns that reduce the need to travel by car, and encouraging sustainable construction including measures to reduce energy consumption and promote the use of renewable energy. To ensure new development takes place in a way that contributes to an improvement in the District's air quality. | | | |
| Current Target | None | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | The carbon emissions from all new and converted residential, commerce and institutional development should be reduced by 10% through the use renewable, decentralised or low carbon technologies. | | | |
| Performance summary | No major renewable schemes were completed in the year 2008-2009. | | | |

Performance Analysis

There were no major renewable schemes completed during the reporting year. There were some small scale renewable installations, most of which were solar thermal plates and there were no wind turbines installed.

| Technology | Total number of installations |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Solar thermal | 12 |
| Solar Photovoltaic | 5 |
| Ground Source Heat Pump | 1 |
| Biomass Boiler | 1 |
| Total | 19 |

Figure 10: Renewable Installations Across the District

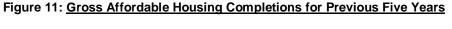
Source: Sevenoaks Data for HECA, 2008-2009

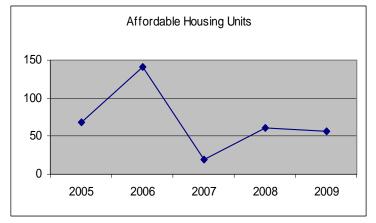
It should be noted that certain proposals for renewable installations do not require planning permission. Therefore installations may have been made without the Council's knowledge. For example, under the new permitted development regulations which came into effect from 1st October 2008, it is now likely that fixing solar panels to a roof of a single dwelling house does not require planning permission.

Affordable Housing

| Gross Affordable Housing Completions (Core Indicator H5) To show affordable housing delivery | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | H9 Rural Exceptions Housing Provision | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP4Provision of Affordable HousingSP5Affordable Housing in Rural Areas | | |
| LDF Objective | To increase the proportion of affordable housing in new development in response to the level of local housing need from those unable to buy in the open market. To make specific provision for small scale affordable housing schemes to meet identified local needs in rural areas. | | |
| Current Target | Meet the needs of the District and the requirement for affordable housing as set out in the Housing Needs Survey. | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | An average of 66 affordable housing completions per annum (equivalent to 40% of the District's housing allocation of 165 dwellings per annum). | | |
| Performance summary | 57 units of affordable housing were provided during 2008-2009. | | |

Performance Analysis





The Strategic Housing Market Assessment Dec 2008 identified a need of 948 affordable units per year to meet both the backlog and the newly arising "need and demand" from the districts residents. This is almost six times the District annual housing allocation.

In 2008-9, 57 subsidised units were provided including acquisitions. 7 being social rent and 50 intermediate. 48 units were provided through planning permissions. This was equivalent to 19.7% of the total completions in the reporting year.

The Core Strategy proposes a new policy to increase affordable housing provision by seeking a 40% contribution on qualifying sites and lowering the threshold for provision to 5 units. Associated with this policy a target of 66 completions per annum which is equivalent to 40% of the year housing allocation is proposed. The Core Strategy policy is not yet adopted and it will take time for its impact to be felt in the amount of affordable housing being constructed.

Ongoing monitoring is required to look at the overall provision of subsidised housing and the breakdown of types of subsidised units being provided.

Housing Size, Type and Density

| Net additional Pitches (Gypsy and Traveller) (Core Indicator H4) To show the number of Gypsy and traveller pitches delivered | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | H16-19 Residential Caravan Sites and Mobile Home Parks | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP7 Provision for Gypsies and Travellers | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that the form of future provision for housing meets the changing needs of the District's population and meets the needs of the Gypsy and traveller community. | | |
| Current Target | Keep a year on year monitor of Gypsies and Travellers' housing and land use requirements. | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | To be set as the requirement for the District in the adopted South East Plar review. | | |
| Performance summary | 5 pitches were provided during 2008-2009 for Gypsy and Traveller use. | | |

Performance Analysis

There were 5 additional permanent pitches provided for Gypsy and Traveller use during 2008-2009. There were no transit pitches provided. The LDF Gypsy and Traveller encampment target is to be set in line with the requirements in the South East Plan review. Until the requirement is finalised the number of additional encampments will be reported, but not against any target.

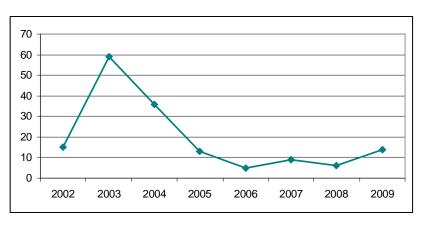


Figure 12: Number of Unauthorised Encampments

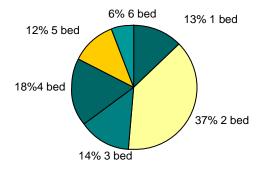
The number of unauthorised encampments has increased during 08-09 from 6 to 14. In addition, 12 unauthorised pitches were granted temporary conditional planning permission during the reporting year giving an overall total of 17 pitches (temporary and permanent) which gained planning permission.

| Proportion of New Dwellings of Different Sizes To show the size of dwellings being completed | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | None | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP6 Housing Size and Type | | |
| LDF Objective | To ensure that the form of future provision for housing meets the changing needs of the District's population, including provision for a greater proportion of older people and small households. | | |
| Current Target | None | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | | |
| Performance summary | 50% of additional housing during 2008-2009 had less than three bedrooms (for completions which data was available). | | |

Performance Analysis

This is a new indicator which will be used in the future to monitor Core Strategy policy SP6 Housing Size and Type which seeks to achieve an average of 50% two bedroom or less across all developments. As this indicator is new only limited data was available for the reporting year. This information was used to produce the pie chart in figure 13.

Figure 13: <u>New Dwellings of Different Sizes by Number of Bedrooms</u> (for completions for which data is available)



Overall it seems that more small dwellings are being built in the District. The SHMA shows that 68.6% of the existing stock is 3 bed or more and recommends that there should be a greater focus on small dwellings in new development. 50% of the completed dwellings had less than three bedrooms, 37% of new dwellings built had two bedrooms and 32% were 4 bed or more.

| Density of New Development To show the density of housing completions | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | EN1 Development Control – General design/amenity principles | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP8 Density of Housing Development | | |
| LDF Objective | To make efficient use of urban land for housing, with higher density development focussed on the most accessible locations in and adjoining town centres, through well-designed schemes that do not compromise the distinct character of the local environment. | | |
| Current Target | None | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | Average density of 40 dwellings per hectare across the District. | | |
| Performance summary | The average housing density across the district was 38.5 dwellings per hectare. | | |

Performance Analysis

This is the first year that the average density across the district has been measured. It has been included this year as the draft Core Strategy includes a policy on housing density and the South East Plan has a target for an average density of 40 dwellings per hectare (dph) across the region. This target has been adopted by the draft Core Strategy and will be monitored through the AMR. This year the average housing density across the district was 38.5 dph, marginally below the proposed LDF and SE Plan target.

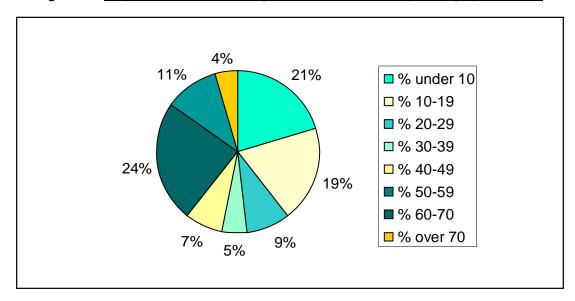


Figure 14: Proportion of New Dwellings at different Densities (dwellings per hectare)

46% of new dwellings completed in the reporting year were built above 40 dph with more than half of these at 50-59 dwellings per hectare.

54% of completions were below 40 dph. 21% of new dwellings completed in 2008-2009 were at densities of below 10 dwellings per hectare, with 19% at densities of between 10 and 19 dph. This relatively high percentage of low density development is to be expected, given the established character of the towns and villages and the rural nature of the district.

Employment Land

| Total Amount of Additional Employment Floor space – by Type (Core Indicator BD1) To show the amount and type of completed employment floor space (gross and net) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies Business premises | EP1 Employment Allocations EP8 Business Areas EP10 Retention of Existing Business Sites and Premises | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP9 Land for Business | |
| LDF Objective | To provide land for employment development to support the future development of the District's economy. | |
| Current Target | Maintain and adequate supply of employment land to meet demand in accordance with policies in the South East Plan. | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | |
| Performance summary | 1478m ² net additional employment floor space during period 2008-2009. | |

Performance Analysis

The SE Plan states that:

"The recycling of existing employment land is expected to offer adequate potential to meet the needs of the local economy but this situation should be informed by careful monitoring"

In the year Apr 2008 – March 2009 $4598m^2$ of floor space was completed which gives an overall net gain of $1478m^2$. The losses were in B1b, B1c and B2 uses, particularly in B1c which fell by $844m^2$. There was no gain in B1b uses but a loss of $375m^2$ from one site in West Kingsdown. The losses were spread across the District, sites being located in Eynsford, Edenbridge, Brasted and Swanley.

| | B1a | B1b | B1c | B2 | B8 | Total |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| Gross | 1947 | 0 | 300 | 440 | 1911 | 4598 |
| net | 1483 | -375 | -844 | -371 | 1585 | 1478 |

The largest single site gain was within the B1a class, with a gain of 1495m² on a greenfield site in Knockholt which converted a previously agricultural building. However, as this was due to the development of one site it cannot really be regarded as significant trend. This will be monitored closely in future to see if a trend is established. There was also a significant growth in B8 floor space across the District, distributed over six separate sites.

Total Amount of Employment Floor space on Previously Developed Land– by Type (Core Indicator BD2) To show the amount and type of completed employment floor space (gross) coming forward on previously developed land (PDL)

| Saved Local Plan Policies Business premises | EP1 Employment Allocations EP8 Business Areas EP10 Retention of Existing Business Sites and Premises | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP9 Land for Business | | | |
| LDF Objective | To provide land for employment development to support the future development of the District's economy. | | | |
| Current Target | At least 85% of business development to take place on PDL. | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | | | |
| Performance summary | 53% of employment completions were on previously developed land during 08-09. | | | |

Performance Analysis

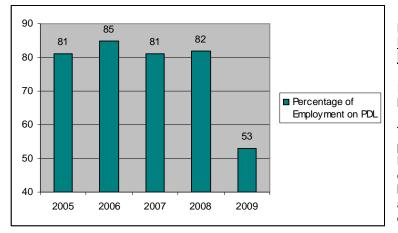


Figure 16: <u>Percentage of</u> Employment on Previously Developed Land

Employment completions on PDL have dropped to 53%.

This unusually low percentage is primarily due a large completed B1a employment site which converted previously agricultural buildings on greenfield land in accordance with policy on re-use of rural buildings.

This site accounts for 33% of the total completed floor space during 08-09. If this site is excluded the percentage of employment completions rises to 79% which is more in line with previous years.

| Figure 17: Percentage of Employment on Previous | v Developed land by | Ileo Clase |
|---|---------------------|-------------|
| Figure 17. Fercentage of Employment on Frevious | y Developed land b | V USE CIASS |

| | B1a | B1b | B1c | B2 | B8 | Total |
|----------------|-----|------|-----|------|------|-------|
| Gross on PDL | 452 | 0 | 200 | 440 | 1346 | 2438 |
| % gross on PDL | 23% | 100% | 67% | 100% | 70% | 53% |

While the target for all new development on PDL has not been achieved, no new buildings have been permitted on land where there were no permanent structures.

| Employment Land Available | Employment Land Available – by Type (Core Indicator BD3) To show the amount and type of employment land available | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies Business premisesEP1 Employment Allocations EP8 Business Areas EP10 Retention of Existing Business Sites and Premises | | | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP9 Land for Business | | | | |
| LDF Objective | To provide land for employment development to support the future development of the District's economy. | | | | |
| Current Target | Maintain an adequate supply of employment land to meet demand in accordance with policies in the South East Plan. | | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | Proposed LDF Target None | | | | |
| Performance summary | 22.64 hectares of employment land was available in 2008-2009. 114,928m ² (gross) of B1-B8 floor space was available with 10,230m ² pending losses giving an overall net availability of 104,698m ² . | | | | |

Performance Analysis

Site Area

There is 22.64 hectares of land available for employment use, this includes 6.11 hectares of local plan allocations, 3.44 hectares under construction and 13.09 hectares in granted planning permissions. (Source: KCC Commercial Information Audit 2009 and Sevenoaks Employment Land Review 2007) The amount of allocated land for employment use will be reviewed as part of the development of the Allocations Development Plan Document, any changes to the site areas of the allocations will be reported in subsequent AMRs.

Floor space

Figure 18: Available Employment Floor space by Type

| | B1a | B1b | B1c | B2 | B8 | Total |
|----------------------------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|---------|
| Net Gain (m ²) | 13638 | 0 | 91861 | 1972 | -2773 | 104,698 |

The overall net floor space availability within the district is 104,698m², this takes account of the pending losses from granted planning permissions. 89,388m² of floor space is available from local plan allocations and 15,310m² from granted planning permissions.

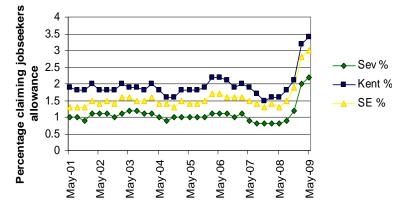
The amount of available employment floor space has increased by $29,100m^2$ since the previous year. There has been a decrease in the B8 use class of $2773m^2$. There has been a gain in the B1a use class of $13,638m^2$.

The employment allocations site area and floorspace will be reassessed as part of the Allocations Development Plan Document, therefore there may be some changes in the figures in next year's report.

| District Unemployment To measure the levels of District unemployment | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies Business premises | EP1 Employment Allocations EP8 Business Areas EP10 Retention of Existing Business Sites and Premises | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | SP9 Land for Business | | | |
| LDF Objective | To provide land for employment development to support the future development of the District's economy. | | | |
| Current Target | None | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | | | |
| Performance summary | 2.2% of the district were claiming Jobseekers allowance as at May 2009.2.4% of the district were unemployed as at March 2009District unemployment level was 1.3% lower than the Kent Average at March 2009 | | | |

Performance Analysis



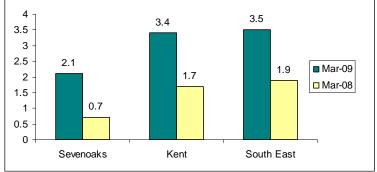


Since May 2008 the percentage of the population claiming jobseekers allowance in Sevenoaks, Kent and the South East has risen significantly due to the worldwide economic climate. In May 2009 2.2% of the population of Sevenoaks claimed jobseekers allowance an increase of 1.4% on the previous year.

Source: NOMIS official labour market statistics, ONS

There was an overall rise in unemployment across Kent and the South East. Sevenoaks District had a percentage rise of 182.8% in unemployment from March 2008 to March 2009. At October 2009 the percentage unemployed within Sevenoaks district was 2.1% (1.4% under the Kent average).





Source: Unemployment change in Kent, KCC Monthly Bulletin

Infrastructure and Open Space (including biodiversity)

| Change in Areas of Biodiversity Importance (Core Indicator E2) To show losses or additions to biodiversity habitats | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Saved Local Plan Policies | EN9 Protection of Important Green Spaces EN7 Special Landscape Areas EN17B Nature Conservation | | | | |
| Relevant LDF Policy | Biodiversity Policy to be included in submission plan | | | | |
| LDF Objective | To maintain and enhance the biodiversity of the District | | | | |
| Current Target | Retain the quantity and quality of designated Natural Environmental Assets | | | | |
| Proposed LDF Target | None | | | | |
| Performance summary | No land has been lost from designated areas. | | | | |

Performance Analysis

The baseline data for Sevenoaks District is the Kent 2003 habitat survey and this has not been updated. The funding for the update to this survey has been awarded and KCC are in the process of taking on the staff to initiate this but as it is a three year project no change analysis will be available until 2013. Once this project is underway a rolling update programme will be instigated by KCC to allow this information to be updated in the future. Once the initial survey is completed and is being updated this indicator will be included. Until then the amount of relevant data available is limited and not up to date.

Conclusions

The saved Local Plan polices have proven a successful policy framework for the Development Control process which has enabled the majority of the current targets to be met.

The principles of the saved Local Plan polices and Government guidance have been carried forward into the Core Strategy. The Core Strategy sets out new objectives and targets which will be implemented by policies in the Core Strategy, the Allocations DPD and other subsequent DPDs and SPDs. A full set of indicators and targets for the Core Strategy are being drafted and the collection of the additional data required will allow fuller monitoring of the indicators in subsequent years.

Monitoring of the housing land supply estimates indicate that the district has a surplus of available land for housing development during the plan period and a surplus over the 5yr land supply requirement.

The draft Allocations Development Plan Document will be developed in the coming year and will be commented upon in next year's AMR.

APPENDIX 1 - Statement of Five-Year Housing Supply

Introduction

This statement shows that the Council has a rolling five year supply of deliverable housing sites to meet the requirements of PPS 3 'Housing' and Local Development Framework Core Output Indicators -Update 2/2008 - H2(c): Net additional dwellings - in future years.

The assessment should :

a. Identify the level of housing to be delivered from the 1 April 2010 i.e. the current year to the end of March 2015.

b. Identify the sites that have the potential to deliver housing during the five year period

c. Assess deliverability - the guidance (PPS 3 para 54) explains that for sites to be considered deliverable they must be:

i. Available - available now

ii. Suitable - it is a suitable location for development now and would contribute to the creation of sustainable, mixed communities

iii. Achievable – there is a reasonable prospect that housing will be delivered on the site within five years.

Identifying the Level of Housing to be Delivered and Potential Housing Sites

The Housing provision is given in the Draft South East Plan. The requirement for the District is 3300 which averages out as 165 dwellings per annum for the period from 1 April 2006 to end of March 2026. The Council has assessed the availability of housing in its SHLAA update 09 with a base date of April 09.

Housing monitoring data and the SHLAA show that new housing over the next five years will come from:

Sites with full planning permission, outlines under 10 units and those under construction phased as at 31/03/10.

The extant permissions have been phased or deemed completed as at 31/03/2010 using agreed criteria.* In order to assess completions all small sites (ie under 5 units) that were under construction were deemed as completed. The remaining extant sites were phased using the following criteria:

| Year 1 | Small sites under construction |
|--------|---|
| Year 2 | Sites under construction for 5-10 units (except flats) and not started full permissions |
| Year 3 | Outline planning permissions |
| Year 4 | All permissions 5 or more units |

This criteria was used unless additional information was available which gave a more accurate picture.

The permissions granted from 31/03/2009 to Sept have been added and phased as above. No allowance has been made for any permissions that may be granted after this date. An allowance has been made for non implementation based on analysis of trends over the past 5 years (7% has been deducted from the large site total and 2% from the small site total). The total = 661 units

Large sites identified within the SHLAA for the 5 year period

The unallocated brownfield sites are taken from the SHLAA and includes those sites phased for 0 to 5 years for over 10 units, this totals 649 units. This figure has been divided over the 5 years period i.e. per year. The exception is West Kent Coldstore which has outline permission for 500 units, information from the developer indicates that 293 will available in years 2-5. Total Large sites = 649.

| Table 1: | Unallocated | Brownfield | Sites 8 1 |
|----------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | |

| Parish | Address | Units |
|---------------|---|-------|
| Kemsing | 31-37 Park Lane | 10 |
| Leigh | Land rear of Garden Cottages | 13 |
| Badgers Mount | Foxs Garage, London Road | 18 |
| Sevenoaks | Greatness Mills, Mill Lane | 20 |
| Sevenoaks | Land West of Bligh's Meadow | 59 |
| Swanley | St Bartholomews Hospital Laundry Bonney Way | 65 |
| Sevenoaks | Police Station Morewood Close | 66 |
| Swanley | Land West of Cherry Avenue | 75 |
| Swanley | Bus Garage, Swanley | 20 |
| Sevenoaks | West Kent Cold Storage, Rye Lane | 293 |
| Sevenoaks | Hitchen Hatch Lane | 10 |
| Total | | 649 |

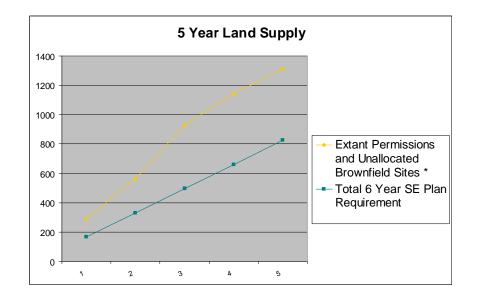
In summary the requirement and availability are

a. Requirement 825 dwellings.b. Supply 661 + 649 = 1310 dwellings

Table 2: Land Supply

| Net | Current year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|-------|
| Total Extant Permissions | | 215 | 134 | 221 | 72 | 19 | 661 |
| Unallocated Brownfield Sites * | | 72 | 139 | 146 | 146 | 146 | 649 |
| Cumulative Extant Permissions/ Unallocated Brownfield Sites * | | 287 | 560 | 927 | 1145 | 1310 | 1310 |
| Cumulative 5 Yr SE Plan Requirement | | 165 | 330 | 495 | 660 | 825 | 825 |

*Source SHLAA **Small sites u/c Year 1 Sites u/c for 5-10 units (except flats) and n/s full permissions Year 2. Outline permissions Year 3 and all permissions for 5 or more units Year 4.



Conclusion

Table 2 shows that the identified supply exceeds the requirement by 485 units (1310 - 825) or 59%. The above information confirms that the Council has a deliverable five year housing land supply.

| Planning Ref | Address | Parish | Outstanding Commitment | Under Construction | Site Area less than 0.2Ha |
|--------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| SE/03/01870 | The Chestnuts, Westbury Terrace, Westerham | Westerham | 1 | | .11 |
| SE/04/01200 | Land Rear of 29-31 High Street | Edenbridge | 3 | | .03 |
| SE/04/01226 | 1 North View Road | Sevenoaks | 2 | | .06 |
| SE/04/01504 | Oak End, 1 High Street, Sevenoaks | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .08 |
| SE/04/02047 | The Old Vicarage, Vicarage Hill | Westerham | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/04/02113 | Land adjacent 17 Rye Lane | Dunton Green | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/04/02299 | The Barn, Sharps Place, Baileys Hill Road | Chiddingstone | 1 | | .09 |
| SE/04/02418 | 3A Dorset Street | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .01 |
| SE/04/02984 | 2 Aspen Close | Swanley | 2 | | .02 |
| SE/04/03102 | Land North of Presbytery Catholic Church of St Laurence, High Street | Edenbridge | 5 | | .11 |
| SE/05/00249 | Terrys Farm, Rectory Lane | Hever | 1 | | .04 |
| SE/05/00407 | 46 Lullingstone Avenue | Swanley | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/05/00503 | Lockhurst Farm, Prettymans Lane | Hever | 1 | | .14 |
| SE/05/00505 | Lockhurst Farm, Prettymans Lane | Hever | 1 | | .01 |
| SE/05/00507 | Lockhurst Farm, Prettymans Lane | Hever | 1 | | .04 |
| SE/05/00521 | 96 High Street | Sevenoaks | 10 | | .09 |
| SE/05/00948 | Timbers, Station Road | Edenbridge | 1 | | .06 |
| SE/05/01287 | Sealclean, Wildernesse Avenue, Seal | Seal | 19 | | .08 |
| SE/05/01601 | 47 London Road | Sevenoaks | 3 | | .03 |
| SE/05/01646 | 8 Chipstead Lane, Sevenoaks | Riverhead | 1 | | .11 |
| SE/06/00346 | The Stable Barn - Lot 2 Hilders Farm, Hilders Lane | Edenbridge | 1 | | .10 |
| SE/06/00373 | Walters Green Farm, Walters Green Road | Penshurst | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/06/00546 | 54 Queens Drive | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .02 |
| SE/06/00897 | 6 & 8 Main Road | Swanley | -1 | | .09 |
| SE/06/00919 | Land adj 11 Coopers Close | Horton Kirby & South Darenth | 1 | | .02 |
| SE/06/01042 | 4 The Green Lane | Leigh | 1 | | .11 |
| SE/06/01151 | Land adj. to Chalgrove, | Edenbridge | 1 | | .18 |

Table 3: Extant Permissions(Sites of less than 0.2Ha)(this does not include replacement dwellings)

| | Crouch House Road | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------|----|-----|
| | | | | |
| SE/06/01327 | Cornerways, Lealands Avenue | Leigh | 1 | .12 |
| SE/06/01344 | 39 Southfields Road | West Kingsdown | 1 | .11 |
| SE/06/01493 | 1 and 2 Field Cottages, Church Road | Brasted | -1 | .08 |
| SE/06/01591 | 37 Hitchen Hatch Lane | Sevenoaks | 1 | .10 |
| SE/06/01620 | Air Training Corps, Argyle Road | Sevenoaks | 6 | .06 |
| SE/06/01850 | 1 The Green & 4 London Road | Westerham | 2 | .02 |
| SE/06/02206 | 75 London Road, Sevenoaks | Sevenoaks | 2 | .01 |
| SE/06/02224 | 152 Main Road | Sundridge | 1 | .10 |
| SE/06/02429 | Beeches, Mount Harry Road | Sevenoaks | 9 | .11 |
| SE/06/02862 | 5 Farm Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .05 |
| SE/06/03252 | 50-52 London Road | Sevenoaks | 3 | .03 |
| SE/07/00246 | The Cottage, Kingsfield Road | West Kingsdown | 1 | .16 |
| SE/06/03252 | 50-52 London Road | Sevenoaks | 3 | .03 |
| SE/07/00246 | The Cottage, Kingsfield Road | West Kingsdown | 1 | .16 |
| SE/07/00296 | Hollym, Clenches Farm Lane | Sevenoaks | 2 | .07 |
| SE/07/00355 | Land West Of 96 - 98 High Street | Edenbridge | 6 | .14 |
| SE/07/00537 | Anvil House, Station Road | Eynsford | 1 | .09 |
| SE/07/00547 | Land Adjacent 24 Mill Lane | Sevenoaks | 1 | .03 |
| SE/07/00878 | 48 Lennard Road | Dunton Green | 1 | .02 |
| SE/07/00880 | 5 Wellfield | Hartley | 1 | .05 |
| SE/07/00962 | Land East of Charcott Green Cottages | Leigh | 4 | .08 |
| SE/07/01012 | 8A Bradbourne Park Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .02 |
| SE/07/01262 | 14 Silk Mills Close | Sevenoaks | 1 | .05 |
| SE/07/01359 | South Park Medical Practice, South Park | Sevenoaks | 6 | .13 |
| SE/07/01415 | Crockenhill Cp School,Stones Cross Road | Crockenhill | 1 | .09 |
| SE/07/01684 | Oast Tops,Mapleton Road | Westerham | 1 | .15 |
| SE/07/01770 | Galleons Lap,London Road | West Kingsdown | 1 | .10 |
| SE/07/02069 | Oakenden, Oakenden Lane | Chiddingstone | 1 | .08 |
| SE/07/02301 | Lake House, Four Elms Road | Hever | 1 | .08 |
| SE/07/02374 | 3-7 Station Road | Edenbridge | 3 | .02 |
| SE/07/02910 | The Laurels, Woodlands Avenue | Hartley | 1 | .10 |
| SE/07/02977 | White Cottage, Scabharbour Road | Sevenoaks Weald | 2 | .10 |

| | | | | 1 |
|-------------|--|--------------------|----|-----|
| SE/07/03177 | Parsonage House, High Street | Eynsford | 1 | .14 |
| SE/07/03269 | 17 Springfield Road | Edenbridge | 1 | .03 |
| SE/07/03280 | Former BMW Garage, 5 Dartford Road | Sevenoaks | 14 | .19 |
| SE/07/03351 | Land West of 124-128 High Street | Edenbridge | 5 | .18 |
| SE/07/03467 | Waggon Lodge Scollops, Ide Hill | Sundridge | 1 | .03 |
| SE/07/03507 | Land adjacent to 61 Shurlock Avenue | Swanley | 10 | .19 |
| SE/07/03521 | Land Adjacent to Arosa, Gresham Avenue | Hartley | 1 | .04 |
| SE/07/03576 | Land at Station Road | Edenbridge | 2 | .05 |
| SE/07/03588 | Woods Tackle Shed, Redleaf Estate Yard | Chiddingstone | 1 | .04 |
| SE/07/03609 | Beechwood, Four Elms Road | Edenbridge | 2 | .06 |
| SE/07/03631 | 67 High Street | Edenbridge | 11 | .08 |
| SE/07/03648 | T P P Ltd and 14 Rysted Lane | Westerham | 3 | .10 |
| SE/07/03655 | 6 Station Road | Dunton Green | 1 | .02 |
| SE/07/03877 | 1 Abbotts Close | Swanley | 1 | .04 |
| SE/07/03927 | Land to the rear of 43 and 45 Park Hill Road | Kemsing | 3 | .07 |
| SE/07/03946 | Falconers Down (plot 4) Pilgrims Way | Kemsing | 1 | .10 |
| SE/08/00059 | Land to Rear of 29 Beechy Lees Road | Kemsing | 1 | .06 |
| SE/08/00087 | 20 St. Botolphs Road | Sevenoaks | 7 | .11 |
| SE/08/00128 | Kingdom Hall,Cedar Terrace Road | Sevenoaks | 4 | .04 |
| SE/08/00399 | 65 - 67 Bradbourne Vale Road | Sevenoaks | 2 | .19 |
| SE/08/00562 | 61 Seal Hollow Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .04 |
| SE/08/00609 | Land to the rear of 22 The Charne | Otford | 3 | .10 |
| SE/08/00768 | Merrivale Rushetts Road | West Kingsdown | 1 | .10 |
| SE/08/00923 | 1 & 2 South Ash Manor Cottages, South Ash Road | Ash-cum- Ridley | -1 | .11 |
| SE/08/00968 | 1 Cramptons Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .03 |
| SE/08/01253 | 2 Cherry Avenue | Swanley | 1 | .02 |
| SE/08/01358 | 42 Garth Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .12 |
| SE/08/01727 | 92B High Street | Edenbridge | 1 | .01 |
| SE/08/01821 | 27 Lennard Road | Dunton Green | 2 | .04 |
| SE/08/02027 | Ridley Farm, Bunkers Hill Road | Ash-cum- Ridley | 1 | .07 |
| SE/08/02030 | 50 Newports | Crockenhill | 1 | .05 |
| SE/08/02088 | Braeside, Oak Avenue | Sevenoaks | 1 | .19 |
| SE/08/02280 | Oakenshaw, Copse Bank | Seal | 2 | .13 |
| SE/08/02467 | River House, London Road | Riverhead | 4 | .08 |
| SE/08/02587 | Land adjacent to 26 Grange Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | .02 |
| SE/08/02593 | Hollyville Café, London | West | 1 | .06 |

| | Road | Kingsdown | | | |
|--|--|--------------------|-----|---|-----|
| SE/08/02790 | Mill Farm, Church Road | Brasted | 1 | | .09 |
| SE/08/02880 | 48 The Rise | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .13 |
| SE/08/02925 | 49 Chipstead Lane | Chevening | 1 | | .07 |
| SE/08/02946 | Bat & Ball, High Street | Leigh | 1 | | .07 |
| SE/08/03002 | Rock & Fountain (PH), Rock Hill | Shoreham | 1 | | .11 |
| SE/08/03034 | Sunnyside, High Street | Seal | 7 | | .12 |
| SE/08/03077 | Land adj to 26 Oaklands Close | West Kingsdown | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/08/03097 | Hartley Court, Church Road | Hartley | 1 | | .14 |
| SE/08/03114 | Hoath House, Walnut Tree Cross | Chiddingstone | 3 | | .12 |
| SE/08/03160 | South Hall, High Street | Farningham | 1 | | .13 |
| SE/08/03275 | Land adj to 11 Parkside | Halstead | 2 | | .02 |
| SE/08/03325 | 1 The Square | Riverhead | 2 | | .01 |
| SE/08/03347 | Peal Chase,Ash Platt Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .10 |
| SE/08/03367 | 33 Woodside Road | Sundridge | 1 | | .02 |
| SE/08/03388 | Tippacot, Main Road | Edenbridge | 1 | | .06 |
| SE/08/03410 | Land at Forge Cottage,Hill Hoath Road | Chiddingstone | 1 | | .02 |
| SE/09/00131 | Land East of Florence Cottages,High Street | Edenbridge | 5 | | .07 |
| SE/09/00192 | Top-O-The-Hill, Church Road | Hartley | 1 | | .12 |
| SE/09/00253 | 48 Lennard Road | Dunton Green | 1 | | .02 |
| SE/09/00469 | 7 Westerham Road | Chevening | 2 | | .07 |
| SE/09/00643 | The Old Oast House, Shoreham Road | Otford | 1 | | .14 |
| SE/09/00724 | 79 London Road | Dunton Green | 1 | | .05 |
| SE/09/00794 | The Smokery,Ide Hill | Sundridge | 1 | | .10 |
| SE/09/00842 | Building South of the Granary,Brasted Road | Westerham | 1 | | .13 |
| SE/09/01001 | The Crows Nest, Chartside House, High Street | Brasted | 1 | | .01 |
| SE/09/01087 | Land rear of Kings Arms House, High Street | Brasted | 1 | | .17 |
| SE/09/01135 | 29-31 High Street | Edenbridge | 1 | | .04 |
| SE/09/01262 | T V G 1 Wickhurst Road | Sevenoaks Weald | 1 | | .10 |
| SE/09/01289 | 26 High Street | Sevenoaks | 2 | | .02 |
| SE/09/01424 | Chelsham, Church Road | Hartley | 1 | | .10 |
| SE/09/01557 | 19 Hilders Lane | Edenbridge | 1 | | .03 |
| SE/09/01729 | Enterprise House, London Road | West Kingsdown | 2 | | .11 |
| SE/09/01801 | Building 4 Saxbys Dairy Farm Cottage, Moat Lane | Cowden | 1 | | .06 |
| Total Number of units on sites of less than 0.2Ha | | | 267 | 0 | |
| Total less reduction of 6% for non- implementation | | | 251 | 0 | |

| Planning Ref | Address | Parish | Outstanding Commitment | Under Construction | Site Area 0.2Ha and over |
|-----------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| SE/04/00526 | The Farmers, London Road | Sevenoaks | 0 | 23 | .23 |
| SE/04/02248 | Keston and The Beeches | Swanley | 25 | | .31 |
| SE/04/03020 | New House Farm, Hale Oak Road | Sevenoaks Weald | 2 | | .47 |
| SE/05/01326 | Land North of 48 Green Court Road | Crockenhill | 1 | | .24 |
| SE/05/01559 | Lower Basings Farm, Furnace Lane | Cowden | 3 | | .23 |
| SE/05/01710 | Basing Farm, Furnace Lane | Cowden | 1 | | .69 |
| SE/05/02000 | Horton Kirby Paper Mills Ltd, Horton Road | Horton Kirby & South Darenth | 133 | | 3.00 |
| SE/06/00034 | Town Council Offices, Bradbourne Vale Road | Sevenoaks | 5 | | .32 |
| SE/06/00566 | 64 - 70 Westerham Road | Chevening | -4 | | .78 |
| SE/06/01226 | Chequers Garage, Chequers Hill, Bough Beech | Chiddingstone | 1 | | .38 |
| SE/06/01442 | Woodland Chase, Godwins & Brackens, Blackhall Lane | Sevenoaks | 5 | | 1.36 |
| SE/06/01525 | Johnsons, Oak Lane | Sevenoaks | 3 | | .44 |
| SE/06/01539 | Cross Key House, Ashgrove Road | Sevenoaks | 2 | | .35 |
| SE/06/01802 | Land adj Whyteladies, Wildernesse Avenue | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .49 |
| SE/06/02156 | Railway & Bicycle P.H., 205 London Road | Sevenoaks | 0 | 24 | .20 |
| SE/06/02239 | Hillside, Valley Road | Fawkham | 1 | | .37 |
| SE/06/02267 | Sanctuary, Gorsewood Road | Hartley | 1 | | .26 |
| SE/06/03016 | Land North Of Gossview, Kingsingfield Road | West Kingsdown | 5 | | .29 |
| SE/06/03211 | Tubs Hill House North, London Road | Sevenoaks | 0 | 18 | .46 |
| SE/07/00247 | Kilndown, Gorsewood Road | Hartley | 1 | | .23 |
| SE/07/00818 | 167 Hever Avenue | West Kingsdown | 3 | | .39 |
| SE/07/00908 | Cone Hill, Stone Street | Seal | 1 | | .61 |
| SE/07/01140 | 13-14 Spring Head Road | Kemsing | 3 | | .27 |
| SE/07/01558 | Little Julians, Little Julians Hill | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .34 |
| SE/07/01932 | Eden Valley School | Edenbridge | 40 | | 1. |
| SE/07/02280 | 58-60 Oakhill Road | Sevenoaks | 8 | | .39 |
| SE/07/02324 | 22 St. Georges Road | Sevenoaks | 5 | | .23 |
| SE/07/02776 | 64 & 66 Well Road | Otford | 9 | | .67 |
| SE/07/02822 | Penryn, Grassy Lane | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .30 |
| SE/07/03023 | Canes, Hopgarden Lane | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .20 |
| SE/07/03190 | 11-25 West End | Kemsing | 2 | | .33 |
| SE/07/03205 | Pasadena Park, East Hill | West | 10 | | 1.34 |

 Table 3 continued:
 Extant Permissions
 (Sites of 0.2Ha or more)

| Total less reduction of 4% for non-implementation | | | 348 | 62 | |
|---|--|------------------------|-----|----|------|
| Total Number of units on sites of 0.2Ha or more | | 363 | 65 | | |
| SE/09/00221 | Coakham Farm, Pootings Road, Crockham Hill | Westerham | 1 | | 1.00 |
| SE/09/00109 | Turn Again House, Ash Road | Hartley | 1 | | .81 |
| SE/08/02558 | Two Rivers, Stairfoot Lane | Chevening | 1 | | .38 |
| SE/08/02255 | Oakwood, Shoreham Road | Otford | 1 | | .34 |
| SE/08/02137 | Land West Of Oak End, 1 High Street | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .20 |
| SE/08/02014 | Marlpit House and The Chase, Main Road | Edenbridge | 10 | | .37 |
| SE/08/01915 | Halstead Place School, Church Road | Halstead | 31 | | 8.96 |
| SE/08/01681 | 35 and 37 Hitchen Hatch Lane | Sevenoaks | 9 | | .56 |
| SE/08/01523 | Land South East of 6-16 Ryewood Cottages, Rye Lane | Dunton Green | 4 | | .21 |
| SE/08/01393 | Dawning House, Seal Hollow Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .20 |
| SE/08/01242 | Romani Way, Hever Road, Gypsy Site Hever road | Edenbridge | 6 | | 1.10 |
| SE/08/01218 | Land Rear of High Trees, Wildernesse Avenue | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .74 |
| SE/08/01153 | Little Blackhall, Blackhall Lane | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .44 |
| SE/08/00802 | Bambi Cottage, Parkfield | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .73 |
| SE/08/00719 | Cleves (Youth Hostel), Church Lane | Kemsing | 7 | | .73 |
| SE/08/00360 | Southernwood, 85 Kippington Road | Sevenoaks | 1 | | .20 |
| SE/08/00154 | Falcon House, 4A Knole Paddock, Seal Hollow Road | Sevenoaks | 2 | | .20 |
| SE/07/03778 | The Kent Hounds, Well Hill, Chelsfield | Shoreham | 1 | | 1.34 |
| SE/07/03642 | To the Rear of Tamerton, Castle Hill Barn | Fawkham | 1 | | .64 |
| SE/07/03461 | 75 Noahs Ark | Kemsing | 5 | | .20 |
| SE/07/03226 | Road, Knatts Valley 51 High Street | Kingsdown Sevenoaks | 7 | | .25 |