



Licence ref

THE PET ANIMALS ACT 1951

STANDARD LICENCE CONDITIONS – PET SHOPS

1.0 LICENCE DISPLAY

The licence, or a copy of the licence, shall be displayed to the public in a prominent position.

- 1.1 This licence and conditions apply to the premises or parts thereof shown on the attached plan.

2.0 ACCOMMODATION

- 2.1 Animals must at all times be kept in accommodation and an environment suitable to their age, size and type of species with respect to situation, size, temperature, lighting, ventilation and cleanliness and not exposed to draughts. All accommodation must be kept in good repair.
- 2.2 The maximum number of any species or type of animal to be stocked on the premises shall not exceed the number specified in the Schedule of Animal Types and Numbers set out on page 3 of this licence. Where no maximum number is specified in the schedule the maximum number at any particular time shall be governed by the accommodation available at that time and in accordance with the Stocking Density Lists detailed in Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 attached to these licence conditions.
- 2.3 No other animals, other than those specified in the licence, may be stocked without prior written approval from the licensing authority.
- 2.4 Accommodation must be constructed of non-porous materials or be appropriately treated. All internal surfaces used in the construction of walls, floors, partitions and door frames must be durable, smooth and impervious. There must be no projections or rough edges liable to cause injury.
- 2.5 For kennels - partition walls between kennels must be of solid construction to a minimum height of 1.2m and junctions between vertical and horizontal sections should be covered or sealed. Floors of all buildings, individual exercise areas and kennels used by puppies and dogs must be constructed and maintained to prevent ponding of liquids.
- 2.6 If animals are displayed outdoors they must have protection appropriate to their species.
- 2.7 In order to control the spread of disease and to prevent injury, animals must not be kept in housing in such a way that they can be interfered with, or disturbed, by other animals or by the public.

- 2.8 All livestock for sale must be readily accessible and easy to inspect, with cages sited so that the floor of the cage is readily visible, by an authorised officer of the local authority at all reasonable times.
- 2.9 Accommodation must be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected as often as necessary to maintain good hygiene standards and be consistent with the rate of stock turnover. All cleaning materials and disinfectants must be suitable for animal environments.
- 2.10 Where accommodation is on a tiered system, water, food or other droppings must not be allowed to enter the lower housing.
- 2.11 All accessories provided in the accommodation must be suitable for the species housed therein.
- 2.12 All animals must, where appropriate to the species, be provided with suitable bedding material. In the case of puppies/dogs and kittens/cats the bedding equipment must be capable of being easily and adequately cleaned and sanitized. All bedding material must be maintained in a clean, sanitized, parasite free and dry condition.

***Note:** When designing accommodation, consideration should be given to using systems which would allow removal of the animals in the case of emergency. This provision would not usually apply to aquariums and ponds.*

3.0 EXERCISE FACILITIES

- 3.1 Suitable and sufficient exercise facilities must be provided appropriate to the species or type of animal, its' size and sex.
- 3.2 For puppies a covered exercise area of at least 2.46 square metres (26 sq ft) shall be provided. Exercise areas shall have a minimum height of 1.8 metres (6ft) to facilitate adequate access by staff for cleaning.

4.0 REGISTER OF ANIMALS – PURCHASE AND SALES REGISTERS

- 4.1 A livestock **purchase** register must be maintained for all livestock. This must specify the name, address and telephone number of the breeder and supplier of each animal purchased, along with the date of purchase and date of receipt if different to the date of purchase.
- 4.2 A **sales** register must be must be maintained for:
- i. puppies;
 - ii. kittens;
 - iii. psittacines;
 - iv. species contained in the Schedule to the Dangerous Wild Animals Act 1976 (as modified).
 - V any other species notified in writing by the licensing authority.

The name, address and telephone number of the purchaser of each individual animal of each type of animal specified in the list i – v above must be obtained and recorded in the sales register. These details must be kept for 3 years. These details must be available for examination by an officer of the Council.

5.0 RECORDS TO BE KEPT IN RESPECT OF PUPPIES/DOGS/CATS/KITTENS

- 5.1 For the purpose of this licence a puppy is defined as being a dog under 6 months of age and a kitten is defined as being a cat under 4 months of age.
- 5.2 The following information must be recorded for each individual puppy/dog/cat/kitten. The records are to be kept for a minimum of 3 Years.

Information to be kept in respect of each puppy, dog, cat and kitten		
	Puppies and Dogs	Kittens and Cats
Date of Arrival at the premises	Yes	Yes
Description of puppy, dog, cat or kitten, including breed	Yes	Yes
Date of birth of each puppy or kitten. Age of each dog or cat	Yes	Yes
Breeder and Supplier's full name and address	Yes	Yes
Period of acclimatisation or quarantine as appropriate. Specify start date, finish date, location and observations	Yes	Yes
Insecticidal treatment carried out - Specify date of treatment and product type	Yes	Yes
Worming treatments carried out Specify date of treatment, preparation type, dosage and worm species treated	Yes	Yes
Original Veterinary Certificates for Parvo Vaccination, Canine Distemper, Infectious Canine Hepatitis (Canine adenovirus), Leptospirosis (I. canicola and I. icterohaemorrhagiae). – originals to be given to purchaser and full copy retained for records	Yes	No
Details contained on an identifying tag or badge supplied by the licensed breeder – the original must be worn by the dog on a collar when transferred to the purchaser. See Below	Yes	No
Microchip identification number if present.	Yes	Yes
Details of all care and any treatment administered	Yes	Yes

Note: Under the Breeding and Sale of Dogs (Welfare) Act 1999 it is an offence for a licensed breeding establishment to sell any dog/puppy to a licensed pet shop which is not wearing a collar with an identifying tag or badge.

It is an offence for the keeper of a licensed pet shop to sell a dog/puppy which, when delivered to him, was wearing a collar with an identifying tag or badge but is not wearing such a collar when delivered to the person to whom he sells it.

An identifying tag or badge is a tag or badge which clearly displays information indicating the licensed breeding establishment at which it was born, an identifying number, if any, allocated to the dog/puppy by the licensed breeding establishment at which it was born and any other information required by regulations.

6.0 HEALTH, DISEASE AND ACCLIMATISATION

- 6.1 All stock for sale and/or sold must be in good health and free from obvious parasitic infestation as far as can be reasonably determined without veterinary inspection.
- 6.2 All reasonable precautions must be taken to prevent the outbreak and spread of disease.
- 6.3 On arrival at the licensed premises all animals must be checked for significant abnormalities and signs of disease.
- 6.4 Any animal with an obvious or significant abnormality which would materially affect its quality of life, must not be offered for sale. When in doubt, veterinary advice must be sought promptly.
- 6.5 No animal which is suffering from, or could reasonably be suspected of having come into contact with any other animal suffering from, any infectious or contagious disease, or which is infested with parasites, shall be brought into or kept on the premises unless effectively isolated.
- 6.6 All animals must be allowed a suitable acclimatisation period before sale.
- 6.7 Any sick or injured animal must receive appropriate care and treatment without delay. Care and treatment may include euthanasia but under no circumstances may an animal be euthanized other than in a humane and effective manner. Inexperienced staff must not treat sick animals unless under appropriately experienced supervision. Veterinary advice must be sought wherever necessary or in the case of doubt.
- 6.8 Facilities must be provided to isolate sick or diseased animals away from other stock and away from new stock undergoing quarantine.
- 6.9 For ornamental fish an effective means of isolating individual tanks in multiple tank systems shall be provided. All in line treatment systems must be of a proper size for the tanks or ponds being treated and be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

- 6.10 All animals must receive appropriate inoculations where required for the species as advised by the veterinary surgeon. Veterinary advice must be sought whenever necessary. (See also conditions 6.16 to 6.23).

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PUPPIES, DOGS, CATS AND KITTENS

- 6.11 In the case of puppies, dogs, cats, and kittens they must be quarantined for a minimum of 10 days.
- 6.12 Where quarantine of puppies, dogs, cats, and kittens is required they must be kept in a separate room or building to existing stock. During quarantine and at the end of the quarantine period, animals must be checked at least three times per day for signs of sickness and disease. A record of the checks shall be made. Any puppy or kitten showing signs of disease must not be offered for sale and veterinary advice must be promptly sought.
- 6.13 All individual litters of puppies and kittens must be kept separate from other litters.
- 6.14 All puppies, dogs, cats and kittens must be treated for worms on the day of arrival and then routinely thereafter with a veterinary approved preparation suitable for their weight and age, and. Details of the preparation and dosage given, worm species treated and date to be recorded.
- 6.15 All puppies dogs, cats and kittens must be treated on the day of arrival and then routinely with a suitable veterinary approved insecticidal spray or spot on preparation for the treatment of fleas and other parasites to reduce any parasite build up in the environment. Details of the preparation and dosage given, parasite species treated and date to be recorded.

Puppies and Dogs

- 6.16 No puppy under 8 weeks shall be accepted on to, or kept on, the premises unless accompanied by the mother. No puppy under 8 weeks old shall be sold.
- 6.17 No puppy over 9 weeks of age shall be kept on the premises unless it has been vaccinated against Canine Parvo Virus, Canine Distemper, Infectious Canine Hepatitis (Canine adenovirus), Leptospirosis (*L. canicola* and *L. icterohaemorrhagiae*) and there is a signed veterinary certificate in force certifying that the puppy has received these vaccinations. The certificate must provide an accurate description of the puppy, including its breed, sex and date of birth and any identification tag, micro chip or tattoo. The vaccine brands and batch numbers must be recorded along with date of administration and be signed by a fully qualified, practicing Veterinary Surgeon a member of the RCVS or Veterinary Ireland or equivalent professional body in the country of origin. The certificate must clearly show the veterinary surgeon's name, business name, address and contact telephone number.
- 6.18 Parvo vaccinations administered under the age of 8 weeks of age are classed as temporary and the purchasers must be clearly advised that the puppy requires further vaccination against Parvo and inoculation against other diseases.
- 6.19 Puppies must not commence their journey to the pet shop for a minimum of 7 days from the date of vaccination. Puppies arriving prior to this timescale must not be accepted onto the premises.

- 6.20 No dog shall be kept on the premises unless the dog has received vaccination within the last 12 months against Parvo virus, Canine Distemper, Infectious Canine Hepatitis (Canine adenovirus), Leptospirosis (*L. canicola* and *L. icterohaemorrhagiae*) and there is a signed veterinary certificate in force certifying that the dog has received these vaccinations. The certificate must provide an accurate description of the dog, including its breed, sex, age and any identification tag, micro chip or tattoo . The vaccine brands and batch numbers must be specified along with date of administration and be signed by a fully qualified, practicing Veterinary Surgeon a member of the RCVS or Veterinary Ireland or equivalent professional body in the country of origin. The certificate must clearly show the veterinary surgeon's name, business name, address and contact telephone number.

Cats and Kittens

- 6.21 No kitten under 8 weeks shall be kept on the premises unless accompanied by the mother and shall not be sold until at least 8 weeks old.
- 6.22 No kitten of 10 weeks or older shall be kept on the premises unless it has been vaccinated against feline enteritis and cat flu and there is a signed veterinary certificate in force certifying that the kitten has received these vaccinations. The certificate must provide an accurate description of the kitten, including its breed, sex and date of birth. The vaccine brands and batch numbers must be specified along with date of administration and be signed by a fully qualified, practicing Veterinary Surgeon a member of the RCVS or Veterinary Ireland or equivalent professional body in the country of origin. The certificate must clearly show the veterinary surgeon's name, business name, address and contact telephone number.
- 6.23 No cat shall be accepted on the premises unless the cat has been vaccinated within the last 12 months against feline enteritis and cat flu and there is a signed veterinary certificate in force certifying that the cat has received these vaccinations. The certificate must provide an accurate description of the cat, including its breed, sex, age and any identification tag, micro chip or tattoo . The vaccine brands and batch numbers must be specified along with date of administration and be signed by a fully qualified, practicing Veterinary Surgeon a member of the RCVS or Veterinary Ireland or equivalent professional body in the country of origin. The card will clearly show the veterinary surgeon's name, business name, address and contact telephone number.

7.0 FOOD AND DRINK

- 7.1 Animals must be supplied with adequate amounts of food and drink, at suitable intervals, appropriate to their needs.
- 7.2 All food must be suitable for the species and its' age.
- 7.3 Food and drink receptacles must be constructed and positioned to minimise faecal contamination and spillage.
- 7.4 A sufficient number of suitable food and drink receptacles must be provided and must be cleaned at regular intervals.

8.0 FOOD STORAGE

- 8.1 All food, excluding live foods intended for feeding to livestock on the premises, must be stored in impervious closed containers.
- 8.2 The containers and equipment used for feeding must be kept in a clean and in sound condition.
- 8.3 All food to be stored at suitable temperatures. Dry food to be kept free from damp and contamination.

9.0 OBSERVATION

- 9.1 All livestock must be attended and observed at regular intervals, appropriate to the species. In no circumstances must this be less than twice daily. A system of recording observations shall be provided and used, and shall be available for examination on request by licensing officers.

10 FISH

WATER QUALITY and STOCKING DENSITIES

- 10.1 It is impossible to determine the quantity of fish to be kept in a system purely on weight or numbers of fish per unit volume, or area of water surface.

The variation in holding systems used, the quality of husbandry and types of fish stocked vary so greatly that it would render any such system too complicated to be practical, or too simple to be useful.

The maintenance of water quality standards will be used to determine working stocking densities.

WATER QUALITY TESTING

- 10.2 Water quality testing of all fish tanks, holding vats and ponds on centralised systems shall be carried out at least once a week. At least 10% of all individually filtered aquaria, holding vats and ponds must be tested once a week. Water quality must be no worse than the standards set out in Table 1 below.
- 10.3 Further tests must be carried out when visual inspection of the tanks indicates the need. While no general rule for the normal behaviour of all fish can be given, if they are gasping at the surface, or normally active species are lethargic, then water quality testing or other investigations must be undertaken forthwith.
- 10.4 Tests should be undertaken at different times of the day to ensure that the readings are representative of normal conditions in the aquarium or pond.
- 10.5 All results must be recorded in a register together with the corrective treatment needed and given. The register shall be available for examination on request by licensing officers.

TABLE 1

Water Quality Criteria			
(1mg/litre – 1ppm)			
Cold Water Species			
	*Dissolved Oxygen	min	6mg/litre
	*Free Ammonia	max	0.02mg/litre
	Nitrate	max	0.2mg/litre above
	Nitrate	max	50mg/litre above ambient tap water
Tropical Fresh Water Species			
	*Free Ammonia	max	0.02mg/litre
	*Nitrate	max	0.2mg/litre
	Nitrate	max	50mg/litre above ambient tap water.
	Dissolved Oxygen	min	6 mg/litre
Tropical Marine Species			
	*Free Ammonia	max	0.01mg/l
	*Nitrate	max	0.125mg/litre
	*pH	min	8.1
	*Dissolved Oxygen	min	recommended 5.5mg/litre (never lower than 4.0 mg/litre)
	Nitrate	max	100mg/litre

* These parameters should be checked first. Only if a problem exists with these tests is it necessary to check nitrate and nitrate levels.

Note: Criteria in accordance with advice from the Ornamental Aquatic Trade Association (OATA) - Water Quality Criteria Version 2.0 March 2008.

Further advice and guidance on water quality criteria can be obtained from the Ornamental Aquatic Trade Association – contact details provided in Annex 1.

11. EXCRETA AND SOILED BEDDING

- 11.1 In order to maintain standards of hygiene, all excreta and soiled bedding must be kept in a hygienic manner and stored in impervious containers (away from direct sunlight) with close fitting lids pending removal from the premises.
- 11.2 Excreta and soiled bedding must be removed from the premises on a regular basis, at least weekly, and disposed of to the satisfaction of the appropriate waste disposal authority and in accordance with current regulations and good waste management practice.
- 11.3 All containers must be kept in a clean condition.

12. TRANSPORTATION

- 12.1 When receiving stock, the licensee must make every effort to ensure that it has been transported in a suitable manner.
- 12.2 Any livestock received or consigned shall be transported according to the regulations laid down in current legislation.
- 12.3 For animals to which the Welfare of Animals in Transport Order 2006 apply, a copy of the animal transport certificate for each delivery and a copy of the certificate of competence of the driver should be obtained.

Note: *In the fitness to travel section of the Welfare of Animals Transport Order 2006 (WATO 06) is a condition that dogs and cats are not fit for transport under the age of 8 weeks unless accompanied by the mother.*

Note: *The Welfare of Animals Transport Order 2006 (WATO 06) requires, in the case transporting animals for commercial purposes and where the journey exceeds 65 KM/40 miles the transporter shall obtain a transport certificate for each delivery and a certificate of competence of the driver. This will be obtained from Animal Health in England or the equivalent body in the country of origin.*

Note: *For air transportation, the IATA Live Animals Regulations must be followed as a minimum legal standard. For rail transportation, the British Rail guidelines must be followed.*

- 12.4 Livestock must be transported or handed to purchasers in suitable containers as appropriate to the species and breed.

13. SALE OF LIVESTOCK

- 13.1 No mammal shall be sold un-weaned or, if weaned, at an age at which it should not have been weaned.
- 13.2 In the case of non-mammals, they must be capable of feeding themselves.
- 13.3 No animal should be sold to any person under the age of 16 years who is unknown to the retailer unless that person is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian or has appropriate written consent from a parent or guardian.

- 13.4 A record detailing species, breed, age and any identifying mark or micro chip number shall be made, and kept for at least 3 years, of any animal not sold to a member of the public, which is subsequently sold or given to another pet shop, breeder, zoo, animal shelter or similar.

NOTE: A record must be made in a sales register of all sales, see condition 4.2

14. DANGEROUS WILD ANIMALS

- 14.1 When dangerous wild animals are kept, the cages must be of a secure construction appropriate to the species. A fine wire mesh, glass or plastic safety barrier must be incorporated into the cage system.
- 14.2 The Local Authority must be notified in the event that the pet shop wishes to offer for sale, for the first time, any animal on the Schedule to the Dangerous Wild Animals Act.

Note:- It is acknowledged that there is an exemption contained within the DWA Act in relation to pet shops, it is recommended that consideration should be given to complying with any special requirement(s) specified in the DWA Act for the safe accommodation or care of the animal.

- 14.3 Licensees selling animals on the Schedule to the Dangerous Wild Animals Act must inspect the purchaser's DWA licence or zoo licence to keep such an animal and inform the issuing authority of the details of the purchase.
- 14.4 No animal on the DWA Act schedule is to be sold to a person not holding a DWA Act licence or a zoo licence.

15. PET CARE ADVICE

- 15.1 Pet care leaflets or other similar written instructions must be made available free of charge, to the purchaser, at the time of purchase. This must be in addition to any offer by the customer to purchase pet care books or leaflets.
- 15.2 Purchasers must be given proper advice on the care of the animal purchased and, where appropriate, on the maintenance and use of any accessories.
- 15.3 Appropriate reference materials regarding the care of the different species kept must always be available for use by staff.
Note: Further advice can be obtained from the organisations listed in Annex 1 attached to this document
- 15.4 Comprehensive documentation must be given to the purchaser detailing all of the following:
- attendance or treatment given by a veterinary surgeon to the animal purchased whilst it was in the care of the pet shop.
 - vaccination status
 - worming status
 - dietary advice.
 - micro chip number and relevant registration company

16. STAFF TRAINING AND LIVESTOCK KNOWLEDGE

- 16.1 No animal should be stocked or sold unless at least one member of the staff is familiar with the care and welfare of the species and breed of animals stocked and has a recognised qualification or suitable experience.
- 16.2 The licence holder who works at the premises, or at least one member of staff working at the premises, must hold the City and Guilds Pet Store Management Certificate or some other appropriate qualification, or must be in the course of training and obtain the qualification within two years of the licence being granted.
- 16.3 The licensee must formulate a written training policy for all permanent staff and will be required to demonstrate that systematic training is carried out.

Note: *Further advice and guidance on training can be obtained from the organisations listed in Annex 1.*

17. FIRE AND OTHER EMERGENCY PRECAUTIONS

- 17.1 Suitable emergency precautions and written procedures must exist and be made known to all staff, including arrangements for evacuation of livestock. A proper emergency evacuation plan and fire warning procedure must be drawn up and prominently posted on the premises. Staff must be made aware of the procedures.
- 17.2 There must be adequate means of raising an alarm in the event of fire or other emergency
- 17.3 Adequate smoke detectors must be provided and maintained in good working order and tested at least every month.
- 17.4 Entrances and exits must be kept clear of obstruction at all times, suitably marked and have emergency lighting provided and maintained in good working order. Precautions must be taken to prevent any accumulation that may present a risk of fire.
- 17.5 Fire protection advice must be sought from a Fire Prevention/Safety Officer of the Kent Fire and Rescue Service every 2 years and within 2 months of any significant change to the establishment. A record of that request, the advice obtained, or a refusal to provide advice, must be kept for at least 2 years.
- 17.6 Fire fighting equipment must be provided in accordance with any advice given by a Fire Prevention/Safety Officer, must be regularly serviced, and a record of the equipment and its servicing kept for at least 2 years.
- 17.7 All mains wiring and permanently connected electrical equipment must be inspected annually. A record of the inspection must be kept. Any repairs required must be undertaken within 21 days or immediately if identified as dangerous. Alternatively the relevant parts of the electrical system or affected electrical equipment shall be disconnected until made safe and a new inspection report on the affected wiring / equipment showing it has been made safe to use shall be provided and a copy kept.
- 17.8 If any pumps, filters, aerators, ventilation, heaters, lighting etc. serving animal accommodation lose power as a result of the need to disconnect an unsafe electrical

supply and an alternative safe provision of power for such equipment can not be provided any animals occupying the affected accommodation shall be moved to alternate accommodation were there are working pumps, filters, aeration, ventilation heating, lighting etc served by a safe electrical supply.

- 17.9 All portable electrical appliances must be inspected annually. A record of the inspection must be kept. The appliance must have a label fixed to it showing that it has been tested, the date it was tested and that it passed the test. Any defective item must be unplugged and not used until made safe and retested, a record of the retest shall be kept.
- 17.10 If any pumps, filters, aerators, ventilators, heaters, lighting etc. serving animal accommodation fails a portable appliance test (PAT test) and as a result is disconnected from the power supply, if an alternative safe replacement item is not available to provide filtration, aeration, ventilation, heating, lighting etc. any animals occupying that accommodation shall be moved to alternate accommodation were there are safe working pumps, aeration, ventilation, heating, lighting etc. If necessary alternative animal food refrigeration shall be provided.
- 17.11 The licensee, or a designated key holder, must at all times be within reasonable distance of the premises and available to visit the premises in case of emergency.
- Note: A reasonable distance would, in normal conditions, be interpreted as no more than 20 minutes travelling time.*
- 17.12 A list of key holders must be lodged with the local police and with the Local Authority.
- 17.13 In the interests of animal welfare, the following notice must be displayed at the front of the shop: **"In case of emergency, dial 999"**. The number of the local police station should also be displayed.
- 17.14 The licensee's or a key holder's telephone number must also be displayed.
- 17.15 When pet shops are sited within other premises, the licensee or key holders must have access at all times to the premises containing the livestock.

18. PEST CONTROL

- 18.1 All necessary precautions must be taken to prevent the introduction to the premises of rodents, insects and other pests. Any harbourage that may be used by rodents, insects and other pests must be removed.
- 18.2 The premises shall be inspected regularly for any signs of pest infestation.
- 18.3 Any pest infestation shall be treated promptly. If any chemicals/poison baits/insecticides or similar are used they must not be a risk, or be used in a manner that creates a risk, to the pet shop livestock, staff or the public.

Note: 'Rodent' and 'insect' excludes livestock for sale and for feeding

21. UNSOLD DOGS, PUPPIES, CATS AND KITTENS

- 21.1 There must be a written policy for the disposal of dogs, puppies, cats and kittens that can not be sold.
- 21.2 A record must be kept detailing how any dogs, puppies, cats and kittens are disposed of by any means other than sale to the general public. The record must show microchip number, means of disposal and reason for disposal.

22. RECORDS

- 22.1 All records required by this license including purchase and sales registers must be kept available for a minimum of 3 years and shall be kept in such a manner as to enable an authorised officer of the council to easily access such information. Where records are computerised, a back up copy must be made and kept in a separate safe place and must be kept up to date.
- 22.2 A council officers authorised under the Pet Animals Act 1951 shall be permitted to take copies of any information in the register or other records required to be kept by this license including temporarily removing paper records for copying and/or requiring a copy of computerised records to be provided forthwith.



PET ANIMALS ACT 1951

Licence granted to For the year ending 31st December 2010 Reference.....

ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS APPLIED TO THIS LICENCE

1. There are no additional conditions applied to this licence.

SCHEDULE 1

STOCKING DENSITIES - CAGED BIRDS

1. No species of bird shall be housed in accommodation which does not afford that species sufficient space for natural free and full wing stretching and the number of birds housed shall be such that overcrowding does not significantly reduce that freedom. Long tailed birds or birds in full plumage must be provided with properly placed perches and feeding and watering points to prevent that plumage being fouled or otherwise damaged.

Note: this refers to the provisions of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981, which should not be contravened, particularly section 8 of that Act.

2. For perching birds, a sufficient number of perches (as appropriate) must be provided at such a height that the bird can rest its head without its head touching the top and its tail the bottom of the cage.
3. A quality padded net should be used when catching birds in an aviary.
4. Minimum floor areas apply to young stock. For adult stock offered for sale the dimensions should be doubled. For advice on the age of stock, it is advisable to contact the veterinary surgeon.

MINIMUM FLOOR AREA FOR CAGED BIRDS – PARROTS, PARAKEETS, BUDGERIGARS ETC			
	FLOOR AREA (sq. cm)		
	Length (cm)	Single	Each Additional
African Grey		1250	625
Amazon	Up to 35	1000	500
	35-40	1250	625
	Over 40	2000	750
Budgerigar		650	200
Cockatiel		1000	250
Cockatoo	Up to 35	1250	625
	35-40	2000	1000
	Over 40	2750	1325
Lovebird		750	200
Macaw	Up to 40	1250	625
	40-60	2250	1000
	Over 60	3750	1200
Parakeet (including Conure, Kakariki, Rosella)	Up to 25	1000	250
	25-30	1000	250
	Over 35	1400	450
Parrott (including Caique, Pronus Senegal, Meyer's)	Up to 30	800	275
	30-35	1250	625
	Over 35	1500	750
Parrotlet		400	200
Hanging Parrot		450	250
Lories and Lorikeets	Up to 22.5	800	250
	2.5-30	1250	375
	Over 30	2000	500

MINIMUM FLOOR AREA FOR CAGED BIRDS SEEDEATERS			
	FLOOR AREA (sq. cm)		
	Length (cm)	Single	Each Additional
Canary		650	250
Cardinal		1000	250
Dove and Pigeon	Up to 22.5	450	250
	Over 22.5	1250	625
Finch (including Mannikin, Silverbill, Sparrow, Waxbill)	Up to 12.5	650	100
	12.5-17.5	750	150
	Over 17.5	1000	200
Grossbeak		1000	200
Quail	Up to 15	450	250
	15-20	650	375
	Over 20	1000	500
Weaver	Up to 15	650	150
	Over 15	1000	200
Whydah (male with full tail)	Up to 40	1000	200
	Over 40	2000	275
- female and male in non-breeding plumage as Weaver.			

MINIMUM FLOOR AREA FOR CAGED BIRDS SOFTBILLS			
	FLOOR AREA (sq. cm)		
	Length (cm)	Single	Each Additional
Barbet	Up to 20	1250	275
	Over 20	1400	450
Bulbil, Fruitsucket		1000	250
Fairy bluebird, Oriole		1250	250
Jay. Jay-thrush (laughing thrush)	Up to 25	1500	250
	25-35	2000	500
Magpie	Over 35	4000	1000
Mynah hill		1500	250
Pekin robin, Mesia		1000	200
Starling (including small mynahs)	Up to 20	1000	250
	Over 20	1500	375
Tanager, Sugar bird	Up to 15	1000	250
	Over 15	1000	250
Thrush (including Shama)		1000	375
Toucan		3750	1000
Toucanette, Aracari		2000	625
Tlouraco		2000	625
Zosterops		750	100

STOCKING DENSITIES – JUVENILE SMALL MAMMALS

SPACE RQUIRED PER SPECIES IN SQ CM									
	NUMBER OF ANIMALS IN THE ENCLOSURE								
SPECIES	1-4	5	6	7	8	9	10	MINIMUM CAGE HEIGHT (CM)	MINIMUM CAGE DEPTH (CM)
Mice, hamsters, gerbils	450	525	600	675	750	825	900	25	25
Rats	675	785	900	1010	1125	1235	1350	30	30
Guinea pigs	1350	1570	1800	2020	2250	2470	2700	30	30
Rabbits up to 2kg, kittens, ferrets, chinchillas, chipmunks	2250	2625	3000	3375	4125	4500	40	30	30
Puppies, up to the age of 12 weeks maximum	10,000	12,5000	15,000	17,500	20,000	22,500	25,000	Double height at shoulder, minimum 50	0.9m

1. The range of behavioural opportunities for many of the animals listed in the above Schedule will be increased by enriching the environment with such appropriate accessories (including shredded paper, pieces of wood, toilet rolls, lengths of piping etc)
2. The installation of shelving in rabbit cages is particularly beneficial to rabbits as they like to spend a lot of time off the cage floor.
3. The above recommended stocking densitites are insufficient for the housing of marmosets. Marmosets must be housed in cages sufficiently large enough to allow for natural movement, such as climbing and swinging.

STOCKING DENSITIES – OTHER SPECIES

Other species should be housed in accommodation appropriate to size, age, and type of species; and to avoid overcrowding. There should be sufficient space for free and natural movement which should not be restricted by either the size of the accommodation or the number of animals in that holding. Correct temperature, humidity and lighting for the species must be maintained.

The advice and approval of the Licensing Authority should be sought wherever there is doubt about a species being sold.

ANNEX 1 – FURTHER ADVICE

Licencees may refer any queries to the Licensing Authority:

Environmental Protection Team
 Sevenoaks District Council
 Council Offices
 Argyle Road
 Sevenoaks
 Kent
 TN13 1HG

Tel: 01732 227000

Email: environmental.protection@sevenoaks.gov.uk

Further advice may be obtained from the following organisations:

<p>Kent County Council Trading Standards West Kent Office Lyons Crescent Tonbridge Kent TN Telephone:</p> <p>Email: trading_standards@kent.gov.uk</p>	<p>Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals (RSPCA) Enquiries Service Wilberforce Way, Southwater Horsham West Sussex RH12 9RS</p> <p>Tel: Advice Line : 0300 1234 555 Cruelty Line: 0300 1234 999</p> <p>Website: http://www.rspca.org.uk</p>
<p>Health and Safety Executive</p> <p>Tel: Infoline 0845 345 0055 Order a publication: 01787 881165</p> <p>Website: http://www.hse.gov.uk</p>	<p>Ornamental Aquatic Trade Association Ltd Wessex House 40 Station Road, Westbury Wiltshire BA13 3JN</p> <p>Tel: 08700 434013 Fax 01373 301236 Email: info@ornamentalfish.org Website: www.ornamentalfish.org Website: www.aquaticsworldwide.org</p>
<p>The Local Government Association Local Government House Smith Square LONDON SW1P 3HZ</p> <p>Tel: 020 7644 31431</p> <p>Website: http://www.lga.gov.uk</p>	<p>Chartered Institute of Environmental Health Chadwick House 15 Hatfields LONDON SE1 8DJ</p> <p>Tel: 020 7928 6006 Fax: 020 7827 5865</p> <p>Website: http://www.cieh.org Email</p>

<p>British Veterinary Association 7 Mansfield Street LONDON W1G 8NQ Tel: 020 7636 6541 Fax: 020 7908 6349 Email: bvahq@bva.co.uk</p> <p>Website: http://www.bva.co.uk</p>	<p>British Small Animal Veterinary Association Woodrow House 1 Telford Way, Waterwells Business Park Quedgeley Gloucestershire GL2 2AB</p> <p>Tel: 01452 726700 Fax: 01452 726701 Email: administration@bsva.com Website: http://www.bsavastore.com</p>
<p>Veterinary Ireland 13 The Courtyard Kilcarbery Park Nangor Road Dublin 22</p> <p>Tel: 353 1 457 9796 Fax: 353 1 457 7998 Email: hq@vetireland.ie</p> <p>Website: http://www.veterinary-ireland.org</p>	<p>Department for Environment and Rural Affairs (Defra)</p> <p>Tel: 08459 33 55 77 Email: helpline@defra.gsi.gov.uk</p> <p>Website: http://www.defra.gov.uk</p>
<p>Universities Federation of Animal Welfare The Old School, Brewhouse Hill Wheathampstead Hertfordshire AL4 8AN</p> <p>Tel: 01582 831818 Fax: 01582 831414 Website: http://www.ufaw.org.uk Email: ufaw@ufaw.org.uk</p>	<p>The Pet Care Trust Bedford Business Centre 170 Mile Road Bedford MK42 9TW</p> <p>Tel: 01234 273933 Fax: 01234 273550 Website: http://www.petcare.org.uk</p>
<p>Environment Agency Millbank Tower 25th Floor 21-24 Millbank LONDON SW1P 4XL Tel 020 7863 8600 Fax: 020 7863 8650</p>	